SPRING 2010 SEMINAR SERIES

DR. JEFFREY BARRICK
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on
Monday, February 15, 2010
4:00pm

Dental School – 1462 Clifton
ROOM 308

"Genome Dynamics During a 20-Year Evolution Experiment with E.coli."

Laboratory experiments with microorganisms offer unique opportunities to study evolution in action. We used next-generation DNA sequencing data to reconstruct the dynamics of genome evolution from the 40,000-generation frozen "fossil record" of an Escherichia coli population. Surprisingly, the rate at which beneficial mutations substituted in this population was relatively constant at first, despite a dramatically decelerating rate of adaptation. In contrast, the neutral substitution rate and amount of genetic diversity in the population were highly variable over time and increased dramatically after a mutator phenotype evolved. Additional experiments that "replay the tape" of early evolution in this population show that a specific lineage is able to reproducibly overtake competitors of higher fitness because it maintains a greater potential for further adaptation.