

Using D flip-flops and logic gates, design a Mealy machine that detects the sequence 0100.

A. First, list all the states ( $s_0$ ,  $s_1$ , etc.) that we need to define, and briefly define them.

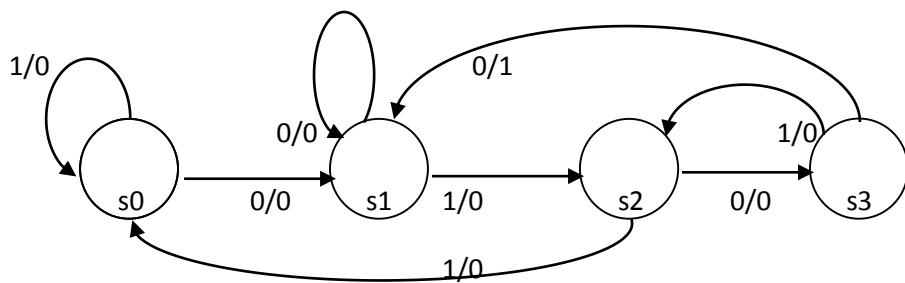
$s_0$ : first 0 not detected

$s_1$ : 0 detected

$s_2$ : 01 detected

$s_3$ : 010 detected

B. (Four points.) Write out the state diagram (not the circuit diagram).



C. Write out the necessary truth table, showing how Next State and Output depend on Present State and Input.

	q1	q0	In	D1	D0	Out
$s_0$	0	0	0	0	1	0
$s_0$	0	0	1	0	0	0
$s_1$	0	1	0	0	1	0
$s_1$	0	1	1	1	0	0
$s_2$	1	0	0	1	1	0
$s_2$	1	0	1	0	0	0
$s_3$	1	1	0	0	1	1
$s_3$	1	1	1	1	0	0

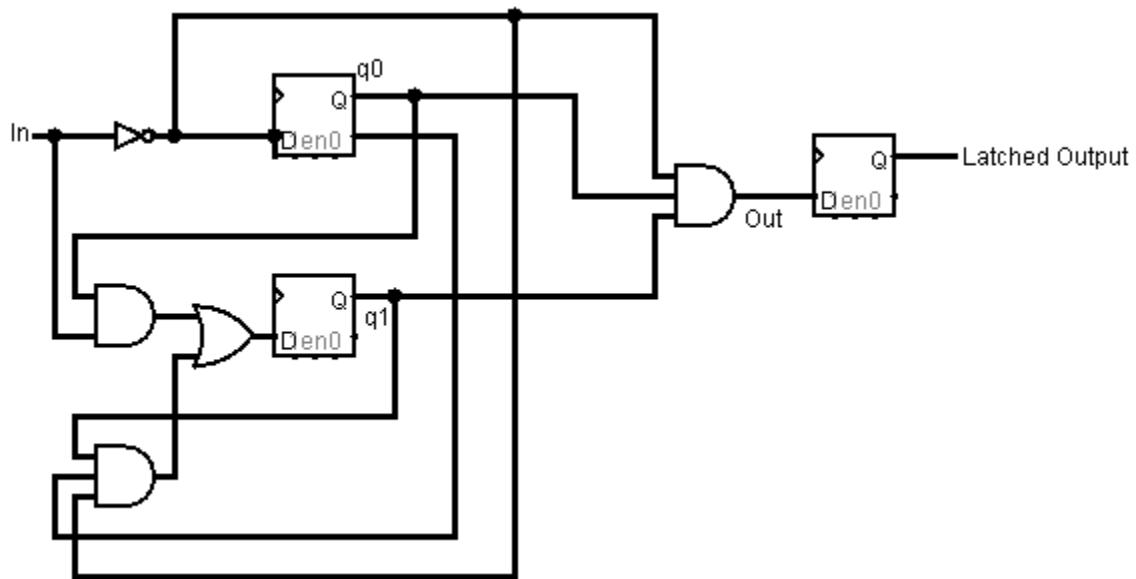
D. (Three points.) Write a logic equation for each bit's Next State and for the Output.

$$D_0 = \sim I_n$$

$$D_1 = q_0 \& I_n \mid q_1 \& \sim q_0 \& \sim I_n$$

$$Out = q_1 \& q_0 \& \sim I_n$$

E. (Three points.) Write out the circuit diagram.



F. (Ten points.) Verilog module

```
module test2 (input clk, input In, output reg LatchedOutput);

reg q0;
reg q1;

always@(posedge clk)
begin
```

```
q0 <= ~In;  
q1 <= q0&In | q1&~q0&~In;  
LatchedOutput <= q1 & q0 & ~In;  
end  
endmodule
```